



Description

Scapula Scoop. XCB-105-3694. 400 BCE to 100 CE

XCB-105 Adamagan (Aleut for place of walrus hunters) is at the head of Morzhovoi Bay, western Alaska Peninsula. It is a massive village with multiple occupations. When it was occupied 400 BCE to 100 CE, it was the largest village in the Arctic with an estimated 1000 people. It also has limited occupations dated 2200-1700 BCE, 1000-600 BCE, and 900-1100 CE.

The Western Alaska Peninsula artifacts are presented as a result of the research conducted under grants NSF 9630072, NSF 9814086, NSF 9996372, NSF 9996415, NSF 1139266, NSF 1321411. H. Maschner, Principal Investigator. These artifacts were scanned with either a Faro Edge Arm or a Minolta Vivid 9i. Processed in Geomagic or Polyworks. 2-8 photos were used for texture in Geomagic Wrap. Original digitizing work done at the IVL at Id. St. Univ. Subsequent processing and publication completed at Global Digital Heritage.

Specifications

Country: United States of America

Region: Alaska

Site: Adamagan

Material: Bone

Age: Antiquity

Provenance: Adamagan

Digitization method: Laser Scanner

Photos / scans number: 2/8

Model URL: <https://gdh.org/model/scapula-scoop-xcb-105-3694/>